By Melicy
METER

S.J.R. No. <u>18</u>

A JOINT RESOLUTION

proposing an amendment to the Texas Constitution to provide for a Supreme Court of Criminal Appeals with nine justices and to permit the court to sit in panels of three justices.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

Section 1. That Article V, Section 1, of the Texas Constitution, be amended to read as follows:

"Section 1. The judicial power of this State shall be vested in one Supreme Court, in one Supreme Court of Criminal Appeals, in Courts of Civil Appeals, {in-a-Court-of-Criminal-Appeals,} in District Courts, in County Courts, in Commissioners Courts, in Courts of Justices of the Peace, and in such other courts as may be provided by law.

"The name 'Court of Criminal Appeals' shall hereafter mean the Supreme Court of Criminal Appeals.

(The-Criminal-District-Court-of-Galveston-and-Harris-Counties-shall-continue-with-the-district-jurisdiction-and-organization-now existing-by-law-until-otherwise-provided-by-law-)

"The Legislature may establish such other courts as it may deem necessary and prescribe the jurisdiction and organization thereof, and may conform the jurisdiction of the district and other inferior courts thereto."

Sec. 2. That Article V, Section 4, of the Texas Constitution, be amended to read as follows:

"Section 4. The Supreme Court of Criminal Appeals shall

consist of eight Associate Justices and one Chief Justice [five dudges, one of whom shall be Presiding Judge, a majerity of whom shall constitute a quorum, and the concurrence of three Judges shall be necessary to a decision of said court]. The Associate Justices [Gaid Judges] shall have the same qualifications and receive the same salaries as the Associate Justices of the Supreme Court[r], and the Chief Justice shall have the same qualifications and receive the same salary as the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court. The Chief Justice and the Associate Justices [Ther] shall be elected by the qualified voters of the state at a general election and shall hold their offices for a term of six years. In case of a vacancy in the office of a Justice [Judge] of the Supreme Court of Criminal Appeals, the Governor shall, with the advice and consent of the Senate, fill said vacancy by appointment until the next succeeding general election.

office at the time when this Amendment takes effect shall become Justices [Judges] of the Supreme Court of Criminal Appeals and continue in office until the expiration of the term of office for which each has been elected or appointed under the present Constitution and laws of this state, and until his successor shall have been elected and qualified. The Presiding Judge of the present Court of Criminal Appeals shall become the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Criminal Appeals under the same conditions.

"The two members of the Commission [of Appeals] in aid of the Court of Criminal Appeals who may be in office at the time when this Amendment takes effect shall become Justices [Judges] of the

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Supreme Court of Criminal Appeals. In addition, the Governor shall, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoint the eighth and ninth Justices of the Supreme Court of Criminal Appeals from a list of five nominees submitted by the present Court of Criminal Appeals. Among the four Justices described in this paragraph, at least one shall hold his office for a term of two years, at least one for a term of four years, and at least one for a term of six years. [and shall hold their offices, one for a term of-two-years and the other-for a term of four years; beginning the first day of January of the next odd-numbered year following the adoption of this Amendment and until their successors are elected Said <u>Justices</u> [Judges] shall by agreement or and qualified. otherwise designate the incumbent for each of the terms mentioned_ but there shall in no case be more than a total of three Justices of the Supreme Court of Criminal Appeals beginning their terms on the same first day of January. [The-Governor-shall-designate-one-of-the-five-dudgesat -the expiration of his term and each six Years thereafter e-Presiding Judge shall be elected;

"The Supreme Court of Criminal Appeals shall be authorized to sit at the designation of the Chief Justice in panels of three Justices for the purpose of hearing cases. In such instances, the presence of two such Justices shall constitute a guorum and the concurrence of two Justices shall be necessary for a decision. The Chief Justice shall also have the authority to convene the Court for proceedings en banc for the transaction of all other business as well as the hearing of cases. In such instances, the presence

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of five Justices shall constitute a quorum and the concurrence of five Justices shall be necessary for a decision. The Supreme Court of Criminal Appeals shall also be empowered to appoint Commissioners in aid of the Supreme Court of Criminal Appeals to

5 sit in aid of said Court as provided by law.

"The existing statutes and rules governing the operation of the Court of Criminal Appeals shall be brought forward and applied to the operation of the Supreme Court of Criminal Appeals. Adjustments and adaptations to the system of three-Judge panels described in the preceding paragraph shall be prescribed by additional rules of the Court, unless the Legislature should direct otherwise."

12 otherwise."

13 Sec. 3. That Article V, Section 5, of the Texas

14 Constitution, be amended to read as follows:

"Section 5. The <u>Supreme</u> Court of Criminal Appeals shall have appellate jurisdiction coextensive with the limits of the state in all criminal cases of whatever grade, with such exceptions and under such regulations as may be prescribed by law.

Supreme [The] Court of Criminal Appeals and the Justices [Gudges] thereof shall have the power to issue the writs [writ] of nabeas corpus, mandamus, procedendo, prohibition, certiorari, and [under such regulations as may be prescribed by law, issue] such other writs as may be necessary to protect [enforce] its [own] jurisdiction, or enforce its judgments, or expedite the administration of criminal justice in the State of Texas. The Court [of Criminal Appeals] shall have the power upon affidavit or

otherwise to ascertain such matters of fact as may be necessary to the exercise of its jurisdiction.

transaction of business at any time during the year and each term shall begin and end with each calendar year [from the first wonday in October to the last Seturday in September in each year, at the Gtate Capitol). The Supreme Court of Criminal Appeals shall appoint a clerk of the court who shall give bond in such manner as is now or may hereafter be required by law, and who shall hold his office for a term of four years unless sooner removed by the court for good cause entered of record on the minutes of said court.

The Clerk of the Court of Criminal Appeals who may be in office at the time when this Amendment takes effect shall continue in office for the term of his appointment.

"The Supreme Court of Criminal Appeals shall appoint a court administrator who shall perform the duties assigned to him by the Court and who shall hold his office for a term of four years unless sooner removed by the Court for good cause entered of record on the minutes of said Court."

Sec. 4. Should the Legislature enact legislation in anticipation of the adoption of this amendment, such law shall not be invalid by reason of its anticipatory character.

Sec. 5. The foregoing constitutional amendment shall be submitted to a vote of the qualified electors of this state at an election to be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1977, at which election the ballots shall be printed to provide for voting for or against the proposition: "The

- 1 constitutional amendment providing for a Supreme Court of Criminal
- 2 Appeals with nine justices and permitting the court to sit in
- 3 panels of three justices."

S.J.R. No. 18 Meier (In the Senate - Filed January 14, 1977; January 17, 1977, read first time and referred to Committee on Jurisprudence; February 23, 1977, reported adversely, with favorable Committee Substitute; February 23, 1977, sent to printer.)

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR S.J.R. NO. 18

By: Meier

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION

proposing an amendment to Article V of the Texas Constitution to provide for a Court of Criminal Appeals with nine judges and to permit the court to sit in panels of three judges.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

the Texas 1 of Article V, Section Section 1. That

Constitution, be amended to read as follows:

"Section 1. JUDICIAL POWER; COURTS IN WHICH VESTED. The judicial power of this State shall be vested in one Supreme Court, in one Court of Criminal Appeals, in Courts of Civil Appeals, [in-a Court of Criminal Appeals, 1 in District Courts, in County Courts, in Commissioners Courts, in Courts of Justices of the Peace, and in such other courts as may be provided by law.

"[The-Criminal District Court of Galveston and Harris Counties shall continue with the district jurisdiction and organization--now-existing-by-law-until-otherwise-provided-by-laws] "The Legislature may establish such other courts as it may deem necessary and prescribe the jurisdiction and organization thereof, and may conform the jurisdiction of the district and other inferior courts thereto."

Sec. 2. That Article Texas of the 4, ٧, Section Constitution, be amended to read as follows:

"Section 4. COURT OF CRIMINAL APPEALS; JUDGES. Court of Criminal Appeals shall consist of eight Associate and one Presiding Judge [five-judgesy one of whom shall be Presiding Judgey a majority of whom shall constitute a quorumy and the concurrence of three Judges shall be necessary to a decision of said court). The Associate [Said] Judges shall have the same qualifications and receive the same salaries as the Associate Justices of the Supreme Court, and the Presiding Judge shall have the same qualifications and receive the same salary as the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court. The Presiding Judge and the Associate Judges [They] shall be elected by the qualified voters

of the state at a general election and shall hold their offices for a term of six years. In case of a vacancy in the office of a Judge of the Court of Criminal Appeals, the Governor shall, with the advice and consent of the Senate, fill said vacancy by appointment until the next succeeding general election.

"[The-Judges-of-the Court of Criminal-Appeals who may be in office-at-the-time-when-this-Amendment-takes-effect--shall--become Judges--of--the--Court--of--Criminal-Appeals-and-continue-in-office until-the-expiration-of-the-term-of-office-for-which-each-has--been elected-or-appointed-under-the-present-Constitution and laws-of this-state, and until-his-successor shall have been-elected and qualifieds

-two--members-of-the-Commission-of-Appeals-in-aid-of-the "The Court-of-Criminal Appeals who may be in office at the time when this -- Amendment -- takes -- effect -- shall become Judges of the Court of Griminal Appeals and shall hold their offices, one for a two--years--and--the--other-for-a-term-of-four-years--beginning-the first-day-of-January-following-the-adoption-of-this-Amendment--and until--their--successors--are--elected--and-qualified---baid-Judges shall-by-agreement-or-otherwise-dosignate-the-incumbent-for-each-of the-terms-mentioneds

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"The-Governor-shell-designets-one-st-the-flye-flye-dudges-as Presiding-Judge-and-ee-the-empiration-of-life-term-and-each-six Years thereafter a Presiding duding and have a tracedy

"The Court of Criminal Appeals may sit in panels of three Judges at the designation of the Presiding Judge for the purpose of hearing cases. In a panel of three Judges, two Judges shall constitute a quorum and the concurrence of two Judges shall be necessary for a decision. The Presiding Judge shall convene the Court en banc for the transaction of all other business and may convene the Court en banc for the purpose of hearing cases. The Court must sit en banc during proceedings involving capital punishment and other cases as required by law. When convened en banc, five Judges shall constitute a quorum and the concurrence of five Judges shall be necessary for a decision. The Court of Criminal Appeals may appoint Commissioners in aid of the Court Criminal Appeals as provided by law."

Sec. 3. That Article V, Section 5 of the Texas Constitution, be amended to read as follows:

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"Section 5. JURISDICTION OF COURT OF CRIMINAL APPEALS; TERMS OF COURT; CLERK. The Court of Criminal Appeals shall have appellate jurisdiction coextensive with the limits of the state in all criminal cases of whatever grade, with such exception and under such regulations as may be prescribed by law.

"Subject to such regulations as may be prescribed by law. regarding criminal law matters, the [The] Court of Criminal Appeals and the Judges thereof shall have the power to issue the writs [write] of habeas corpus, mandamus, procedendo, prohibition, certiorari, and [under such regulations as Rey be prescribed by ten, issue] such other writs as may be necessary to protect [enforce] its [own] jurisdiction, or enforce its judgements. Or expedite the administration of criminal justice in the State of Texas. The Court [of Criminal Appeals] shall have the power upon affidavit or otherwise to ascertain such matters of fact as may be necessary to the exercise of its jurisdiction.

"The Court of Criminal Appeals may sit for the transaction of business at any time during the year and each term shall begin and calendar year [from the first Wonday in October to end with each_ the last baturday in September in each year, at the State Capitol]. The Court of Criminal Appeals shall appoint a clerk of the court who shall give bond in such manner as is now or may hereafter be required by law, and who shall hold his office for a term of four years unless sooner removed by the court for good cause entered of record on the minutes of said court.

"The Clerk of the Court of Criminal Appeals who may be office at the time when this Amendment takes effect shall continue in office for the term of his appointment."

Sec. 4. The following transition provisions apply when this amendment takes effect:

- (1) The judges of the court of criminal appeals at the time this amendment takes effect remain judges of the court of criminal appeals and continue in office until the explication of the term of office for which each has been elected or appointed under the constitution as it now exists and until his successor shall have been duly qualified.
- (2) Each of the two members of the commission of appeals in aid of the court of criminal appeals as constituted under Section 1a, Chapter 462, Acts of the 62nd Legislature, Regular Session, 1971, as amended (Article 1811e, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes), who are in office at the time this amendment takes effect, shall become a judge of the court of criminal appeals and shall hold his office, one for a term of three years and one for a term of five years, beginning on January 1, 1978, and until his successor shall On or before January 1, 1978, the have been duly qualified.

C.S.S.J.R. No. 18 governor shall designate which commissioner shall hold office for which term.

(3) Two judges shall be elected at the first general election occurring after January 1, 1978, for a regular term of six years beginning January 1, 1979, and until their successors are duly qualified. The court of criminal appeals may appoint commissioners as provided by law. Any commissioner appointed after January 1, 1978, may not seek election as a judge of the court of criminal appeals at the first general election after January 1, 1978.

Sec. 5. Should the legislature enact legislation in anticipation of the adoption of this amendment, such law shall not be invalid by reason of its anticipatory character.

Sec. 6. The foregoing constitutional amendment shall be submitted to a vote of the qualified electors of this state at an election to be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1977, at which election the ballots shall be printed to provide for voting for or against the proposition: "The constitutional amendment increasing the size of the court of criminal appeals to nine judges, and permitting the court to sit in panels of three judges."

Sec. 7. If adopted, the constitutional amendment proposed in this resolution becomes effective on January 1, 1978.

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February 23, 1977

Hon. William P. HobbyPresident of the Senate

29 Sir:

We, your Committee on Jurisprudence, to which was referred S.J.R.
No. 18, have had the same under consideration, and I am instructed to report it back to the Senate with the recommendation that it do not pass, but that the Committee Substitute adopted in lieu thereof do pass and be printed.

Schwartz, Chairman

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SUBSTITUTE THE FOLLOWING FOR S.J.R. NO. 18

5 Y :

C.S.S.J.R. NO. 18

JOINT RESOLUTION

proposing an amendment to the Texas Constitution to provide for a gourt of driminal Appeals with nine for and to permit the court to sit in panels of three *

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

That Article V, Section 1, of the Texas Section 1.

Constitution, be amended to read as tollows:

JUDICIAL POWER; COURTS IN WHICH VESTED.

"Section 1. The judicial power of this State shall be vested." in one Supreme Court, in one Court of Criminal Appeals, Courts of Civil Appeals, [in-a-Court-of-Criminal-Appeals,] in District Courts, in County Courts, in Commissioners Courts, in Courts of Justices of the Peace, and in such other courts as may be provided by law.

V[The-Criminal-District-Court-of-Galveston-and-Harris-Countie shall-continue-with-the-district-jurisdiction-and-organization-new existing-by-law-until-otherwise-provided-by-law.

"The Legislature may establish such other courts as it may deem necessary and prescribe the jurisdiction and organization thereof, and may conform the jurisdiction of the district and other inferior courts thereto."

Sec. 2. That Article V, Section 4, of the Texas Constitution, be amended to read as follows: APPEALS, JUDGES. OURT OF CRIMINAL

"Section 4. The Super Court of Criminal Appeals shall consist of eight Associate Justi 💇 and one Presiding 🛵 [fire-Judges; -one-of-whom-shall-be-Presiding/Judge; -a-majoraty-of whom shall-constitute-a-quorum; -and-the-concurrence-of-three-Judges

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shall-be-necessary-to-a decision-of-said-court. The Associate

Shall have the same qualifications and.

receive the same salaries as the Associate Justices of the Supreme

Court M, and the Presiding Justice shall have the same qualifications and receive the same salary as the Chief Justice of the

Supreme Court. The Presiding Justice and the Associate Justices

[They] shall be elected by the qualified voters of the state a general election and shall hold their offices for a term of six years. In case of a vacancy in the office of a fine of the Supreme Court of Criminal Appeals, the Governor shall, with the advice and consent of the Senate, fill said vacancy by appointment until the next succeeding general election.

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The-Judges-of-the-Court-of-Criminal-Appeals-who-may-be-inoffice-at-the-time-when-this-Amendment-takes-effect-shall-becomeJudges-of-the-Court-of-Criminal-Appeals-and-continue-in-office-until-the-expiration-of-the-term-of-office-for-which-each-has-been
elected-or-appointed-under-the-present-Constitution-and-laws-ofthis-state;-and-until-his-successor-shall-have-been-elected-and
qualified.

The-two-members-of-the-Commission-of-Appeals-in-aid-of-the
Court-of-Criminal-Appeals-who-may-be-in-office-at-the-time-when
this-Amendment-takes-effect-shall-become-Judges-of-the-Court-ofCriminal-Appeals-and-shall-hold-their-offices;-one-for-a-term-oftwo-years-and-the-other-for-a-term-of-four-years;-beginning-thefirst-day-of-January-following-the-adoption-of-this-Amendment-and until-their-successers-are-elected-and-qualified:--Said-Judges
shall-by-agreement-or-otherwise-designate-the-incumbent-for-each

of-the-terms-mentioned-

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The-Governor-shall-designate-one-of-the-five-Judges-as-Presiding-Judge-and-at-the-expiration-of-his-term-and-each-sixyears-thereafter-a-Presiding-Judge-shall-be-elected-

The Strate Court of Criminal Appeals may sit in panels at the designation of the the purpose of hearing cases. In a panel of three Justica, two Justices shall constitute a quorum and the concurrence of two tustices shall be necessary for a decision. The Presiding shall convene the Court en banc for the transaction of all other business and may convene the Court en banc for the purpose of hearing cases. The Court must sit en banc during proceedings involving capital punishment and other cases as required by law. five Justines shall constitute a quorum When convened en banc, and the concurrence of five dustices shall be necessary for a The Griminal Appeals may appoint decision. in aid of the separate Court of Criminal Appeals as provided by law.

Sec. 3. That Article V, Section 5, of the Texas Constitu-LERK. tion, be amended to read as follows: JURISDICTION OF COURT OF CRIMINAL APPEALS, TERMS OF COURT

"Section 5. The Specific Court of Criminal Appeals shall have appeallate jurisdiction coextensive with the limits of the state in all criminal cases of whatever grade, with such exceptions and under such regulations as may be prescribed by law.

"Subject to such regulations as may be prescribed by law, regarding criminal law matters, the regarding Court of Criminal Appeals and the history for the power to

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issue the writs [writ] of habeas corpus, mandamus, procedendo, prohibition, certiorari, and [under-such-regulations-as-may-be-prescribed-by-law;-issue] such other writs as may be necessary to protect [enforce] its [own] jurisdiction, or enforce its judgements, or expedite the administration of criminal justice in the State of Texas. The Court [of-Criminal-Appeals] shall have the power upon affidavit or otherwise to ascertain such matters of fact as may be necessary to the exercise of its jurisdiction.

"The Selection Court of Criminal Appeals may sit for the transaction of business at any time during the year and each term shall begin and end with each calendar year [from-the-first-Monday in-October-to-the-last-Saturday-in-September-in-each-year,-at-the-State-Capitel]. The Court of Criminal Appeals shall: appoint a clerk of the court who shall give bond in such manner as is now or may hereafter be required by law, and who shall hold his office for a term of four years unless sooner removed by the court for good cause entered of record on the minutes of said court.

"The Clerk of the Court of Criminal Appeals who may be in office at the time when this Amendment takes effect shall continue in office for the term of his appointment."

Sec. 4. The following transition provisions apply when this amendment takes effect:

(1) The judges of the court of criminal appeals at the time this amendment takes effect remain maskings of the fourt of Criminal appeals and continue in office until the expiration of the term of office for which each has been elected or

appointed under the constitution as it now exists and until his successor shall have been duly qualified. 2 (2) Each of the two members of the commission of Appeals 3 in aid of the court of criminal Appeals as constituted under 4 Section la, Chapter 462, Acts of the 62nd Legislature, Regular Session, 1971, as amended (Article 1811e, Vernon's Texas Civil 6 Statutes), who are in office at the time this amendment takes 7 effect, shall become a justice of the second court of criminal 8 Appeals and shall hold his office, one for a term of three years 9 and one for a term of five years, beginning on January 1, 1978, 10. 11 and until his successor shall have been duly qualified. On or before January 1, 1978, the governor shall designate which commis-12 sioner shall hold office for which term. 13 (3) / Two costices shall be elected at the first general/ 14 election occurring after January 1, 1978, for a regular term of six years beginning/January 1, 1979, and until their successors 1.6 are doly qualified. The Special Court of Criminal Applals may 17 appoint Commissioners as provided by law. Any Commissioner ap-18 pointed after January 1, 1978, may not seek election as a surprice field 19 of the Barry r Court of Criminal Appeals at the first general 20

Sec. 5. Should the legislature enact legislation in anticipation of the adoption of this amendment, such law shall not be invalid by reason of its anticipatory character.

lelection after January 1, 1978.

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Sec. 6. The foregoing constituional amendment shall be submitted to a vote of the qualified electors of this state at an election to be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1977, at which election the ballots shall be printed to provide for voting for or against the proposition: "The constitutional amendment changing the name of the Court of friminal

Appeals, increasing the size of the Superior Yourt of Criminal

≥, and permitting the court to sit in appeals to nine panels of three pustibles

Sec. 7. If adopted, the constitutional amendment proposed in this resolution becomes effective on January 1, 1978.

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LEGISLATIVE BUDGET BOARD

Austin, Texas

FISCAL NOTE

February 8, 1977

Honorable A. R. Schwartz, Chairman Committee on Jurisprudence Senate Chamber Austin, Texas

In Re: Senate Joint Resolution No. 18

By: Meier

Sir:

In response to your request pursuant to Senate Rule 94, Subsection (g), this office finds the fiscal implications of Senate Joint Resolution No. 18 (proposing an amendment to the Texas Constitution to provide for a Supreme Court of Criminal Appeals with nine justices and to permit the court to sit in panels of three justices) to be as follows:

The bill would make no appropriation but would constitute prior legislative authorization for an appropriative request.

The probable cost of implementing the provisions of the bill during each of the first five years following passage is estimated as follows:

Fiscal	General Revenue		
Year	Fund		
1978	\$ 135,104		
1979	86,180		
1980	86,180		
1981	86,180		
1982	86,180		

Similar annual costs would continue as long as the provisions of the bill are in effect.

Thomas M. Director

Source: LBB Staff

Sternan

Floor Amendment Number to C.S.S.J.R. 18.

Amend C.S.S.J.R. 18 by striking § 4(3) and substituting in lieu thereof the following:

advice and consent of the senate, appoint two qualified persons as judges of the court of criminal Appeals. The judges appointed by the governor shall hold office from the date of appointment, and shall be nominated to the senate in the manner of appointments made during the recess of the senate as provided in Article IV, Section 12 of the Texas Constitution. Judges so appointed by the governor shall hold office until the first general election occurring after January 1, 1978, and until their successors are duly qualified. Judges elected at the first general election occurring after January 1, 1978, shall hold office for terms of six years beginning January 1, 1979, and until their successors are duly qualified.

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ADOPTED

MAR 1 1977

Secretary of the Senate

Insert an. #(

Amend the caption to conform to the body of the bill

ADOPTED

MAR 1 1977

Secretary of the Senate

Mar. / 19 77 Engrossed

Patent Saw
Engrossing Clerk

By: Meier

S.J.R. No. 18

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION

proposing an amendment to Article V of the Texas Constitution to provide for a court of criminal appeals with nine judges and to permit the court to sit in panels of three judges.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

Section 1. That Article V, Section 1 of the Texas Constitution, be amended to read as follows:

"Section 1. JUDICIAL POWER; COURTS IN WHICH VESTED. The judicial power of this State shall be vested in one Supreme Court, in one Court of Criminal Appeals, in Courts of Civil Appeals, [in-ecurt-of-Criminal Appeals,] in District Courts, in County Courts, in Commissioners Courts, in Courts of Justices of the Peace, and in such other courts as may be provided by law.

"[The—Criminal—District—Court—of—Golveston—and—Harris
Counties—shall—continue—with—the—district—jurisdiction—and
organization—now—existing—by—law—until—otherwise—provided—by—law—]
"The Legislature may establish such other courts as it may deem
necessary and prescribe the jurisdiction and organization—thereof,
and may conform the jurisdiction of the district and other inferior
courts thereto."

Sec. 2. That Article V, Section 4, of the Texas Constitution, be amended to read as follows:

- "section 4. COURT OF CRIMINAL APPEALS; JUDGES. The Court of Criminal Appeals shall consist of eight_Associate_Judges_and_one
Presiding_Judge

Litte-Judgesy-one-of-whom-shall-be-Presiding

dudge, a majority of whom shall constitute a quorum, and the concurrence of three Judges shall be necessary to a decision of said court). The Associate [Said] Judges shall have the same qualifications and receive the same salaries as the Associate Justices of the Supreme Court, and the Presiding Judge shall have the same qualifications and receive the same salary as the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court. The Presiding Judge and the Associate Judges [- They] shall be elected by the qualified voters of the state at a general election and shall hold their offices for a term of six years. In case of a vacancy in the office of a Judge of the Court of Criminal Appeals, the Governor shall, with the advice and consent of the Senate, fill said vacancy by appointment until the next succeeding general election.

"[The—Judges—of—the—Gourt—of—Criminal—Appeals—who—may—be—in

office—at—the—time—when—this—Amendment—takes—effect—shall—become

Judges—of—the—Court—of—Criminal—Appeals—and—continue—in—office

until—the—expiration—of—the—term—of—office—for—which—each—has—been

elected—or—appointed—under—the—present—Constitution—and—laws—of

this—state,—and—until—his—successor—shall—have—been—elected—and

qualified;

"The-two-members-of-the-Commission-of-Appeals-in-oid-of-the
Court-of-Criminal-Appeals-who-may-be-in-office-at-the-time-when
this-Amendment-takes-effect-shall-become-Judges-of-the-Court-of
Criminal-Appeals-and-shall-hold-their-officesy-one-for-a-term-of
two-years-and-the-other-for-a-term-of-four-yearsy-beginning-the
first-day-of-January-following-the-adoption-of-this-Amendment-and

1 shall-by-agreement-or-otherwise-designate-the-intumbent-for-eath-of 2 the-terms-mentioned; "The--Governor--shall--designate--one--of--the-five-dudges-es Presiding-dudge-and-at-the-expiration-of--his--term-- und--each--aix 5 Years-thereafter-a-Presiding-dudge-shadd-be-edected.] 6 "The Court of Criminal Appeals may sit in panels of three 7 Judges at the designation of the Presiding Judge for the purpose of 8 hearing cases. In a panel of three Judges, two Judges shall 9 constitute a quorum and the concurrence of two Judges shall be 10 necessary for a decision. The Presiding Judge shall convene the 11 Court en banc for the transaction of all other business and may 12 convene the Court en banc for the purpose of hearing cases. The 13 Court must sit en banc during proceedings involving capital 14 punishment and other cases as required by law. When convened en 15 banc. five Judges shall constitute a quorum and the concurrence of 16 five Judges shall be necessary for a decision. The Court of 17 Criminal Appeals may appoint Commissioners in aid of the Court of 18 Criminal Appeals as provided by law." 19 Sec. 3. That Article V, Section 5 of the Texas Constitution, 20 be amended to read as follows: 21 "Section 5. JURISDICTION OF COURT OF CRIMINAL APPEALS; TERMS 22 OF COURT; CLERK. The Court of Criminal Appeals shall 23 appellate jurisdiction coextensive with the limits of the state in 24 all criminal cases of whatever grade, with such exceptions and 25 under such regulations as may be prescribed by law. 26

"Subject to such regulations as may be prescribed by law. regarding criminal law matters, the [The] Court of Criminal Appeals and the Judges thereof shall have the power to issue the writs [writ] of habeas corpus, mandamus, procedendo, prohibition. certionaria and [under-such-regulations-as-may-be-prescribed-by lawr-issue) such other writs as may be necessary to protect [enforce] its [own] jurisdiction, or enforce its judgements, QI expedite the administration of criminal justice in the State of The Court [of-Criminal Appeals] shall have the power upon affidavit or otherwise to ascertain such matters of fact as may be 10 necessary to the exercise of its jurisdiction. 11

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"The Court of Criminal Appeals may sit for the transaction of business at any time during the year and each term shall begin and end with each calendar year [from-the-first-Monday-in-October-to the-last-Saturday-in-September-in-each-year,-at-the-State-Capitel]. The Court of Criminal Appeals shall appoint a clerk of the court who shall give bond in such manner as is now or may hereafter be required by law, and who shall hold his office for a term of four years unless sooner removed by the court for good cause entered of record on the minutes of said court.

"The Clerk of the Court of Criminal Appeals who may be in office at the time when this Amendment takes effect shall continue in office for the term of his appointment."

- Sec. 4. The following transition provisions apply when this amendment takes effect:
 - (1) The judges of the court of criminal appeals at the time

this amendment takes effect remain judges of the court of criminal appeals and continue in office until the expiration of the term of office for which each has been elected or appointed under the constitution as it now exists and until his successor shall have been duly qualified.

- (2) Each of the two members of the commission of appeals in aid of the court of criminal appeals as constituted under Section 1a, Chapter 462, Acts of the 62nd Legislature, Regular Session, 1971, as amended (Article 1811e, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes), who are in office at the time this amendment takes effect, shall become a judge of the court of criminal appeals and shall hold his office, one for a term of three years and one for a term of five years, beginning on January 1, 1978, and until his successor shall have been duly qualified. On or before January 1, 1978, the governor shall designate which commissioner shall hold office for which term.
 - (3) On or after January 1, 1978, the governor shall, with the advice and consent of the senate, appoint two qualified persons as judges of the court of criminal appeals. The judges appointed by the governor shall hold office from the date of appointment and shall be nominated to the senate in the manner of appointments made during the recess of the senate as provided in Article IV, Section 12 of the Texas Constitution. Judges so appointed by the governor shall hold office until the first general election occurring after January 1, 1978, and until their successors are duly qualified. Judges elected at the first general election occurring after

- 1 January 1, 1978, shall hold office for terms of six years beginning
- 2 January 1, 1979, and until their successors are duly qualified.
- 3 Sec. 5. Should the legislature enact legislation in
- 4 anticipation of the adoption of this amendment, such law shall not
- 5 be invalid by reason of its anticipatory character.
- 6 Sec. 6. The foregoing constitutional amendment shall be
- 7 submitted to a vote of the qualified electors of this state at an
- 8 election to be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in
- 9 November, 1977, at which election the ballots shall be printed to
- 10 provide for voting for or against the proposition: "The
- 11 constitutional amendment increasing the size of the court of
- 12 criminal appeals to nine judges, and permitting the court to sit in
- panels of three judges."
- Sec. 7. If adopted, the constitutional amendment proposed in
- this resolution becomes effective on January 1, 1978.

	0011	MITTEE DEPORT		•	•
<i>, '</i>	COM	MITTEE REPORT	, ,	4/617	7
The Honorable Bill Clayton Speaker of the House of Representatives			4/6 / (dat		
Sir:					
We, your COMMITTEE ON CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS, to whom was referred have had the same under consideration and beg to report back with the recommendation that it					13
() do pass, without amen				(measure)	
() do pass, with amendme	ent(s).	oo Cubatituta ia vaaamaa	anded in lieu of the		
	nted; a Complete Committ			originai measure	•
A fiscal note was requested on	(date)	and is attached as part o	it this report.		
Author's fiscal statement actached					
тие болишения передилительной при	tins measure be placed on	the (Local / Consent) Ca	ienuar.		
	ooses new law. nds existing law.				
House Sponsor of Senate Measure		V S			
The measure was reported from Co	AYE	vote:	PNV	АВ	SENT
Von Dohlen	X				
Jones	X				
Bryant	X				
Clark, B.	/				X
Close	X				
Hendricks	X				
Johnson				,	X
Robbins	X				
Schieffer					X
					v · .
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Total: 6 aye				1.10	\
nay			Ten	Un t	Jold
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present, not voting			CHAIRM.	AN	, ,

BILL ANALYSIS

Background Information

The Court of Criminal Appeals is the highest state court for criminal appeals and is composed of five judges, one presiding judge and four associate justices and two permanent commissioners. Also, three special commissioners serve the court during various times of the year. The authorization for the special commissioners is in Article 1811 (e), Vernon's Annotated Texas Statutes. The special commissioners include two retired judges and one justice of a Court of Civil Appeals.

The Court of Criminal Appeals faced a record case load in 1975. 1,864 new cases were docketed that year and represented a 21% increase over the 1,546 cases docketed in 1974. The number of cases was 20% higher than the five year average of 1,552 cases. The Court wrote 1,869 opinions, including dissents and concurrences in 1975. 32% of these were authored opinions.

Delay in deciding criminal appeals is costly to society and defeats the goals of the judicial system. It often requires from two to three years for a criminal case to reach final disposition in the Court of Criminal Appeals.

Purpose of the Resolution

To amend the Constitution to provide for a Court of Criminal Appeals with nine judges and to permit the Court to sit in panels of three judges.

Section-by-section Analysis

Section 1. Amends Article V, Section 1 of the Constitution to provide for editorial change in the judicial power section of the Constitution.

Section 2. Amends Article V, Section 4 to provide that the Court of Criminal Appeals shall consist of eight judges and one Presiding Judge. Also provides that the Presiding Judge shall have the same qualifications and receive the same salary as the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court. It further provides that the Court of Criminal Appeals may sit in panels of three judges at the designation of the Presiding Judge. Provides that the Presiding Judge shall convene the court en banc for the purpose of hearing capital punishment cases and other cases as required by law. Provides that the concurrence of five judges shall be necessary for a decision.

Section 3. Amends Article V, Section 5 of the Constitution to provide that the Court of Criminal Appeals shall have power to issue writs of habeas corpus, mandamus, procedendo, prohibition, certiorari, and other writs that are necessary to protect its jurisdiction. Also provides that the Court of Criminal Appeals will sit for a term of one year and that the term shall begin and end with each calendar year.

Section 4. Transition provision which provides the following:

- 1. The judges sitting on the Court of Criminal Appeals at the time the amendment takes effect remain judges and continue in office until the expiration of their terms.
- 2. The two commissioners in aid of the Court become judges of the Court of Criminal Appeals when the amendment takes effect and shall hold office, one for a term of three years and one for for a term of five years.
- 3. Provides that on or after January 1, 1978, the Governor shall appoint two qualified persons as judges of the Court of Criminal Appeals. Judges so appointed shall hold office until the first general election occurring after January 1, 1978.

Section 5. Provides that anticipatory legislation adopted by the legislature before the amendment takes effect shall be valid.

Section 6. Provides that the constitutional amendment shall be submitted to the vote of the qualified electors at the general election on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1977.

Section 7. Provides that the constitutional amendment, if adopted, shall become effective on January 1, 1978.

Comparison of Substitute to Original Resolution

- other than the presiding judge;
 - 2. Provides that designation of the panels be by rule of the Court and not by determination of the Presiding Judge;
 - 3. Provides that the Court may determine by rule those instances where the Court shall convene en banc; except for capital cases, where they must sit en banc;
 - 4. Removes the language regarding issuance of writs to "expedite the administration of criminal justice in the state"; and
 - 5. Provides that the commissioners who become judges shall designate the incumbent for each term by agreement and shall notify the Governor thereof.

Summary of Committee Action

Public notice having been posted in compliance with Rule V, Section 14, the committee considered S.J.R. 18 in public hearing on April 6, 1978. The committee adopted a complete committee substitute and voted to report it back favorably to the floor of the house by a vote of six ayes and no nayes.

LEGISLATIVE BUDGET BOARD

Austin, Texas

FISCAL NOTE

April 6, 1977

Honorable Tim Von Dohlen, Chairman Committee on Constitutional Amendments House of Representatives Austin, Texas

> In Re: Senate Joint Resolution No. 18, as engrossed

By: Meier

Sir:

In response to your request pursuant to House Rule V, Section 28, this office finds the fiscal implications of SJR No. 18, as engrossed, (proposing an amendment to Article V of the Texas Constitution to provide for a court of criminal appeals with nine judges and to permit the court to sit in panels of three judges) to be as follows:

- The Resolution would make no appropriation but would constitute prior legislative authorization for an appropriative request.
- The Resolution, should it be approved by the electorate, would expand the size of the Court of Criminal Appeals from five to nine judges.

It is assumed that legislation would provide for immediate implementation (December 1, 1977).

The estimate includes a one-time-only cost for publication estimated at \$72,500 in fiscal year 1978.

The Resolution would entail an additional five state employees.

The probable cost of implementing the provisions of the Resolution during each of the first five years following passage is estimated as follows:

Fiscal Year	General Revenue Fund
1978	\$ 135,104
1979	86,180
1980	86,180
1981	86,180
1982	86,180

- 4. Similar annual costs to the State would continue as long as the provisions of the Resolution are in effect.
- No fiscal implication or additional cost to local government attributable to the Resolution, should it be approved, is anticipated.

Director

Source: Court of Criminal Appeals; LBB staff

READ AND ADOPTED Musey

CHIEF CLERK
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVE

By: Meier

S.J.R. No. 18

Substitute the following for S.J.R. No. 18

By HENDRICKS

C.S.S.J.R. No. 18

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION

proposing an amendment to Article V of the Texas Constitution to provide for a court of criminal appeals with nine judges and to permit the court to sit in panels of three judges.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

Section 1. That Article V, Section 1 of the Texas Constitution, be amended to read as follows:

"Section 1. JUDICIAL POWER; COURTS IN WHICH VESTED. The judicial power of this State shall be vested in one Supreme Court, in one Court of Criminal Appeals, in Courts of Civil Appeals, [in-a Court-of-Criminal-Appeals,] in District Courts, in County Courts, in Commissioners Courts, in Courts of Justices of the Peace, and in such other courts as may be provided by law.

"[The-Criminal-District-Court-of-Galveston-and-Harris-Counties shall-continue-with-the-district-jurisdiction-and-organization-now existing-by-law-until-otherwise-provided-by-law.] "The Legislature may establish such other courts as it may deem necessary and prescribe the jurisdiction and organization thereof, and may conform the jurisdiction of the district and other inferior courts thereto."

Sec. 2. That Article V, Section 4 of the Texas Constitution, be amended to read as follows:

"Section 4. COURT OF CRIMINAL APPEALS; JUDGES. The Court of Criminal Appeals shall consist of eight Judges and one Presiding

Judge [five-Judges; -ene-ef-whem-shall-be-Presiding-Judge; -a /2
majerity-ef-whem-shall-constitute-a-querum; -and-the-concurrence-ef

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[Said] Judges shall have the same qualifications and receive the same salaries as the Associate Justices of the Supreme Court, and the Presiding Judge shall have the same qualifications and receive the same salary as the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court. The Presiding Judge and the Judges [:--They] shall be elected by the qualified voters of the state at a general election and shall hold their offices for a term of six years. In case of a vacancy in the office of a Judge of the Court of Criminal Appeals, the Governor shall, with the advice and consent of the Senate, fill said vacancy by appointment until the next succeeding general election.

"[The-Judges-ef-the-Court-of-Criminal-Appeals-whe-may-be-in]

"[The-Judges-of-the-Court-of-Criminal-Appeals-who-may-be-in office-at-the-time-when-this-Amendment-takes-effect-shall-become Judges-of-the-Court-of-Criminal-Appeals-and-continue-in-office-until-the-expiration-of-the-term-of-office-for-which-each-has-been elected-or-appointed-under-the-present-Constitution-and-laws-of this-state; and-until-his-successor-shall-have-been-elected-and qualified:

"The-two-members-of-the-Commission-of-Appeals-in-aid-of-the Court-of-Criminal-Appeals-who-may-be-in-office-at-the-time-when-this-Amendment-takes-effect-shall-become-Judges-of-the-Court-of Criminal-Appeals-and-shall-hold-their-offices;-one-for-a-term-of two-years-and-the-other-for-a-term-of-four-years;-beginning-the first-day-of-January-fellowing-the-adoption-of-this-Amendment-and until-their-successors-are-elected-and-qualified:--Said-Judges shall-by-agreement-or-otherwise-designate-the-incumbent-for-each of-the-terms-mentioned:

"The-Governor-shall-designate-one-of-the-five-Judges-as
Presiding-Judge-and-at-the-expiration-of-his-term-and-each-six
years-thereafter-a-Presiding-Judge-shall-be-elected:]

Appeals may sit in panels of three Judges, the designation thereof to be under rules established by the fourt. In a panel of three Judges, two Judges shall constitute a quorum and the concurrence of two Judges shall be necessary for a decision. The Presiding Judge, under rules established by the fourt, shall convene the fourt en banc for the transaction of all other business and may convene the fourt must sit en banc during proceedings involving capital punishment and other cases as required by law. When convened en banc, five Judges shall constitute a quorum and the concurrence of five Judges shall be necessary for a decision. The Court of Criminal Appeals may appoint Commissioners in aid of the Court of Criminal Appeals as provided by law.

Sec. 3. That Article V, Section 5 of the Texas Constitution, be amended to read as follows:

"Section 5. JURISDICTION OF COURT OF CRIMINAL APPEALS; TERMS OF COURT; CLERK. The Court of Criminal Appeals shall have appellate jurisdiction coextensive with the limits of the state in all criminal cases of whatever grade, with such exceptions and under such regulations as may be prescribed by law. $^3/_{+}$

"Subject to such regulations as may be prescribed by law, regarding criminal law matters, the [The] Court of Criminal Appeals and the Judges thereof shall have the power to issue the writs [writ] of habeas corpus, mandamus, procedendo, prohibition, certiorari, and [under-such-regulations-as may-be-prescribed-by-law;-issue] such other writs as may be necessary to protect [enferce] its [ewn] jurisdiction or enforce its judgments.

Court [ef-Criminal-Appeals] shall have the power upon affidavit or otherwise to ascertain such matters of fact as may be necessary to the exercise of its jurisdiction.

"The Court of Criminal Appeals may sit for the transaction of business at any time during the year and each term shall begin and end with each calendar year [from-the-first-Monday-in-October-to-the last-Saturday-in-September-in-each-year; -at-the-State-Capitel]. The Court of Criminal Appeals shall appoint a clerk of the court who shall give bond in such manner as is now or may hereafter be required by law, and who shall hold his office for a term of four years unless sooner removed by the court for good cause entered of record on the minutes of said court.

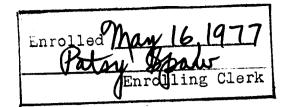
"The Clerk of the Court of Criminal Appeals who may be in office at the time when this Amendment takes effect shall continue in office for the term of his appointment."

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- (1) The Judges of the court of criminal appeals at the time this amendment takes effect remain judges of the court of criminal 5 appeals and continue in office until the expiration of the term of office for which each has been elected or appointed under the

constitution as it now exists and until his successor shall have been duly qualified.

- (2) Each of the two members of the commission of appeals in aid of the court of criminal appeals as constituted under Section la, Chapter 462, Acts of the 62nd Legislature, Regular Session, 1971, as amended (Article 1811e, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes), who are in office at the time this amendment takes effect, shall become a judge of the court of criminal appeals and shall hold his office, one for a term of three years and one for a term of five years, beginning on January 1, 1978, and until his successor shall have been duly qualified. Said judges shall by agreement or otherwise designate the incumbent for each of the terms mentioned and shall inform the governor of such designation within 30 days of the effective date of this amendment.
- (3) On or after January 1, 1978, the governor shall, with the advice and consent of the senate, appoint two qualified persons as judges of the court of criminal appeals. The judges appointed by the governor shall hold office from the date of appointment and shall be nominated to the senate in the manner of appointments made during the recess of the senate as provided in Article IV, Section 12 of the Texas Constitution. Judges so appointed by the governor shall hold office until the first general election occurring after January 1, 1978, and until their successors are duly qualified. Judges elected at the first general election occurring after January 1, 1978, shall hold office for terms of six years beginning January 1, 1979, and until their successors are duly qualified.

- Sec. 5. Should the legislature enact legislation in anticipation of the adoption of this amendment, such law shall not be invalid by reason of its anticipatory character.
- Sec. 6. The foregoing constitutional amendment shall be submitted to a vote of the qualified electors of this state at an election to be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1977, at which election the ballots shall be printed to provide for voting for or against the proposition: "The constitutional amendment increasing the size of the court of criminal appeals to nine judges, and permitting the court to sit in panels of three judges."
- Sec. 7. If adopted, the constitutional amendment proposed in this resolution becomes effective on January 1, 1978.



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S.J.R. No. 18

proposing an amendment to Article_V of the Texas Constitution to 2 provide for a court of criminal appeals with nine judges and to 3 permit the court to sit in panels of three judges. 4 BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: 5 Section 1. That Article V, Section 1 of the Texas Constitution, be amended to read as follows: 7 "Section 1. JUDICIAL POWER; COURTS IN WHICH VESTED. 8 judicial power of this State shall be vested in one Supreme Court, 9 in one Court of Criminal Appeals, in Courts of Civil Appeals, [tn-a 10 11 Court -- of -- Criminal - Appeals, In District Courts, in County Courts, in Commissioners Courts, in Courts of Justices of the Peace, and in 12 13 such other courts as may be provided by law. 14 "[The--Criminal--District--Court--of--Galveston--and---Harris 15 Counties---shall---continue-with--the--district--furisdiction--and organization-now-existing-by-law-until-otherwise-provided-by--laws] 16 17 "The Legislature may establish such other courts as it may deem necessary and prescribe the jurisdiction and organization 18 thereof, and may conform the jurisdiction of the district and other 19 20 inferior courts thereto." Sec. 2. That Article V, Section 4 of the Texas Constitution, 21 22 be amended to read as follows: "Section 4. COURT OF CRIMINAL APPEALS; JUDGES. The Court of 23 Criminal Appeals shall consist of eight Judges and one Presiding 24 Judge [five-Judgesy-one--of--whom--shall--be--Presiding--Judgey--a 25

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION

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"For the purpose of hearing cases, the Court of Criminal Appeals may sit in panels of three Judges, the designation thereof to be under rules established by the court. In a panel of three Judges, two Judges shall constitute a quorum and the concurrence of two Judges shall be necessary for a decision. The Presiding Judge, under rules established by the court, shall convene the court en banc for the transaction of all other business and may convene the court en banc for the purpose of hearing cases. The court must sit en banc during proceedings involving capital punishment and other cases as required by law. When convened en banc, five Judges shall be necessary for a decision. The Court of Criminal Appeals may appoint Commissioners in aid of the Court of Criminal Appeals as provided by law.

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"Subject to such regulations as may be prescribed by law. 2 regarding criminal law matters, the [The] Court of Criminal Appeals and the Judges thereof shall have the power to issue the writs 3 [writ] of habeas corpus, mandamus, procedendo, prohibition, 4 5 certiorari, and [under-such-regulations-as-may-be-prescribed-by 6 tawy-issue) such other writs as may be necessary to protect 7 [enforce] its [own] jurisdiction or enforce its judgments. The court [Court-of-Criminal-Appeals] shall have the power upon 8 9 affidavit or otherwise to ascertain such matters of fact as may be 10 necessary to the exercise of its jurisdiction.

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"The Court of Criminal Appeals may sit for the transaction of business at any time during the year and each term shall begin and end with each calendar year [from the first Monday in October to the last Saturday in September in each year, at the State Capital].

The Court of Criminal Appeals shall appoint a clerk of the court who shall give bond in such manner as is now or may hereafter be required by law, and who shall hold his office for a term of four years unless sooner removed by the court for good cause entered of record on the minutes of said court.

"The Clerk of the Court of Criminal Appeals who may be in office at the time when this Amendment takes effect shall continue in office for the term of his appointment."

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- panels of three judges."
- 14 Sec. 7. If adopted, the constitutional amendment proposed in
- this resolution becomes effective on January 1, 1978.

S.T.R. No. 18

President of the Senate	Speaker of the House
I hereby certify that S.J.R.	No. 18 was adopted by the senate
on March 1, 1977, by the following	vote: Yeas 28, Nays 3; May 16
1977, senate concurred in house	amendment by the following vote
Yeas 30, Nays 1.	•
	Secretary of the Senate
I hereby certify that S.J.R.	No. 18 was adopted by the house
with amendment, on May 11, 1977, by	y the following vote: Yeas 125
Nays 16, one present not voting.	
	Chief Clerk of the House
•	
•	
Approved:	
	·
Date	

Governor

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S.J.R. No. 18

2	proposing an amendment to Article V of the Texas Constitution to
3	provide for a court of criminal appeals with nine judges and to
4	permit the court to sit in panels of three judges.
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12	in Commissioners Courts, in Courts of Justices of the Peace, and in
13	such other courts as may be provided by law.
14	"[TheCriminalDistrictCourtofGalvestonandHarris
15	Countiesshallcontinue-withthedistrictjurisdictionand
16	organization-now-existing-by-law-until-otherwise-provided-bylaw-]
17	"The Legislature may establish such other courts as it may
18	deem necessary and prescribe the jurisdiction and organization
19	thereof, and may conform the jurisdiction of the district and other
20	inferior courts thereto."
21	Sec. 2. That Article V, Section 4 of the Texas Constitution,
22	be amended to read as follows:
23	"Section 4. COURT OF CRIMINAL APPEALS; JUDGES. The Court of
24	Criminal Appeals shall consist of eight Judges and one Presiding
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SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION

three Judges shall be necessary to a decision of said court). The [Gofd] Judges shall have the same qualifications and receive the same salaries as the Associate Justices of the Supreme Court, and the Presiding Judge shall have the same qualifications and receive the same salary as the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court. The Presiding Judge and the Judges [.—They] shall be elected by the qualified voters of the state at a general election and shall hold their offices for a term of six years. In case of a vacancy in the office of a Judge of the Court of Criminal Appeals, the Governor shall, with the advice and consent of the Senate, fill said vacancy by appointment until the next succeeding general election.

"For the purpose of hearing cases, the Court of Criminal Appeals may sit in panels of three Judges, the designation thereof to be under rules established by the court. In a panel of three Judges, two Judges shall constitute a guorum and the concurrence of two Judges shall be necessary for a decision. The Presiding Judge, under rules established by the court, shall convene the court en banc for the transaction of all other business and may convene the court en banc for the purpose of hearing cases. The court must sit en banc during proceedings involving capital punishment and other cases as required by law. When convened en banc, five Judges shall be necessary for a decision. The Court of Criminal Appeals may appoint Commissioners in aid of the Court of Criminal Appeals as provided by law.

"[The--dudges--of-the-Court-of-Criminal-Appeals-who-may-be-in 1 office-at-the-time-when-this-Amendment-takes--effect--shall--become 2 Judges--of--the--Court--of--Criminal-Appeals-and-continue-in-office 3 wheth-the-expiration-of-the-term-of-office-for-which-each-has-been 4 5 elected--or--appointed--under--the-present-Constitution-and-laws-of 6 this-state,-and-until-his-successor-shall--have--been--elected--and 7 qualified. "The--two--members-of-the-Commission-of-Appeals-in-aid-of-the 8 9 Court-of-Criminal-Appeals-who-may-be-in-office--at--the--time--when this--Amendment--takes--eifect--shall-become-Judges-oi-the-Court-of 10 Griminal-Appeals-and-shall-hold-their-offices,-one-for--a--term--of 11 two--years--and--the--other-for-a-term-of-four-yearsy-beginning-the 12 first-day-of-January-following-the-adoption-of-this--Amendment--and 13 until--their--successors--ore--elected--and-qualified---baid-dudges 14 15 shall-by-agreement-or-otherwise-designate-the-incumbent-for-each-of 16 the-terms-mentioned: "The-Governor-shall-designate--one--of--the--five---dudges---as 17 Presiding--Judge--and--at--the--expiration-of-his-term-and-cach-six 18 Years-thereafter-a-Presiding-Judge-shall-be-electedr] " 19 Sec. 3. That Article V, Section 5 of the Texas Constitution, 20 be amended to read as follows: 21 "Section 5. JURISDICTION OF COURT OF CRIMINAL APPEALS; TERMS 22

appellate jurisdiction coextensive with the limits of the state in

all criminal cases of whatever grade, with such exceptions and

OF COURT; CLERK. The Court of Criminal Appeals shall

under such regulations as may be prescribed by law.

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"Subject to such regulations as may be prescribed by law. 2 regarding criminal law matters, the [The] Court of Criminal Appeals and the Judges thereof shall have the power to issue the writs 3 [writ] of habeas corpus, mandamus, procedendo, prohibition, certiorari, and [under-such-regulations-as-may-be-prescribed-by 6 tawy-issue] such other writs as may be necessary to protect 7 [enforce] its [own] jurisdiction or enforce its judgments. The court [Court--of--Criminal--Appeals] shall have the power upon 8 affidavit or otherwise to ascertain such matters of fact as may be 9 10 necessary to the exercise of its jurisdiction.

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"The Court of Criminal Appeals may sit for the transaction of business at any time during the year and each term shall begin and end with each calendar year [from the first Monday in October to the last Saturday in September in each year, at the State Capitol]. The Court of Criminal Appeals shall appoint a clerk of the court who shall give bond in such manner as is now or may hereafter be required by law, and who shall hold his office for a term of four years unless sooner removed by the court for good cause entered of record on the minutes of said court.

"The Clerk of the Court of Criminal Appeals who may be in office at the time when this Amendment takes effect shall continue in office for the term of his appointment."

- Sec. 4. The following transition provisions apply when this amendment takes effect:
- 25 (1) The judges of the court of criminal appeals at the time 26 this amendment takes effect remain judges of the court of criminal

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appeals and continue in office until the expiration of the term of office for which each has been elected or appointed under the constitution as it now exists and until his successor shall have been duly qualified.

- (2) Each of the two members of the commission of appeals in aid of the court of criminal appeals as constituted under Section 1a, Chapter 462, Acts of the 62nd Legislature, Regular Session, 1971, as amended (Article 1811e, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes), who are in office at the time this amendment takes effect, shall become a judge of the court of criminal appeals and shall hold his office, one for a term of three years and one for a term of five years, beginning on January 1, 1978, and until his successor shall have been duly qualified. Said judges shall by agreement or otherwise designate the incumbent for each of the terms mentioned and shall inform the governor of such designation within 30 days of the effective date of this amendment.
- (3) On or after January 1, 1978, the governor shall, with the advice and consent of the senate, appoint two qualified persons as judges of the court of criminal appeals. The judges appointed by the governor shall hold office from the date of appointment and shall be nominated to the senate in the manner of appointments made during the recess of the senate as provided in Article IV, Section 12 of the Texas Constitution. Judges so appointed by the governor shall hold office until the first general election occurring after January 1, 1978, and until their successors are duly qualified. Judges elected at the first general election occurring after

- 1 January 1, 1978, shall hold office for terms of six years beginning
- 2 January 1, 1979, and until their successors are duly qualified.
- 3 Sec. 5. Should the legislature enact legislation in
- 4 anticipation of the adoption of this amendment, such law shall not
- 5 be invalid by reason of its anticipatory character.
- 6 Sec. 6. The foregoing constitutional amendment shall be
- 7 submitted to a vote of the qualified electors of this state at an
- 8 election to be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in
- 9 November, 1977, at which election the ballots shall be printed to
- 10 provide for voting for or against the proposition: "The
- 11 constitutional amendment increasing the size of the court of
- criminal appeals to nine judges, and permitting the court to sit in
- panels of three judges."
- Sec. 7. If adopted, the constitutional amendment proposed in
- this resolution becomes effective on January 1, 1978.

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Speaker of the House

I hereby certify that S.J.R. No. 18 was adopted by the senate on March 1, 1977, by the following vote: Yeas 28, Nays 3; May 16, 1977, senate concurred in house amendment by the following vote: Yeas 30, Nays 1.

Secretary of the Senate

I hereby certify that S.J.R. No. 18 was adopted by the house, with amendment, on May 11, 1977, by the following vote: Yeas 125, Nays 16, one present not voting.

Chief Clerk of the House

Approved:

Date

FILED IN THE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE

and Title
Secretary of State

ru/o signature

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Rues MAR 2 1977 protosing an amendment to the Texas Constitution to provide for a Supreme Court of Criminal Appeals with nine justices Received from and to permit the court to sit in panels of three justices. the Senate Filed with the Secretary of the Senate Read, referred to Committee on Jurusp Reported favorably. FEB 28 1977 Chief Clerk, House of Representatives Reported adversely, with favorable Committee Substitute; Committee Substitute read first time. AND REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON Ordered not printed. Senate and Constitutional Rules to permit consideration suspended by unanimous consent. 24 yeas, To permit consideration, reading and passage, Senate and Constitutional Rules suspended by vote of Reported Uniterentally (As Amended), Sent to Printer 4 1500 Read second time and ordered engrossed. APR 8 1977 Printed And Distributed 10 to 1 grant Caption ordered amended to conform to body of bill. Senate and Constitutional 3-Day Rules suspended by vote of yeas, 3 nays to place bill on third reading and final passage. Read third time and passed by Sent To Committee On Calendars OTHER ACTIONS MAX 1.1 1977 READ AND ADOPTED trate /25pec/Cong/ ON MAY 1 2 1977 RETURNED TO SENATE MAY 12 187 RETURNED WITH General ment FROM HOUSE

S. J. R. No.

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